Data access for development: The IPUMS perspective

United Nations Commission on Population and Development Strengthening the demographic evidence base for the post-2015 development agenda

> New York 11 April 2016

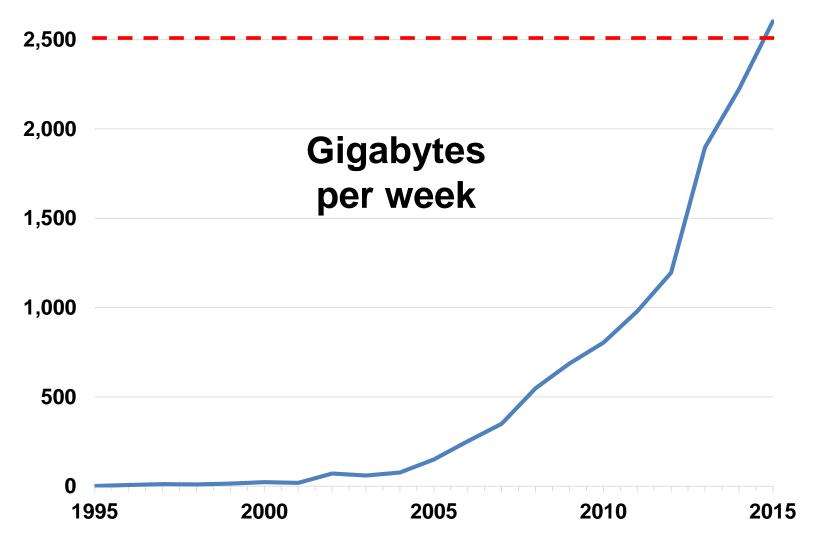


IPUMS Data Integration Projects

- World's largest archive of population data
 - Individual-level microdata describing ~3
 billion persons enumerated in 100 countries
- IPUMS model:
 - Harmonize variable codes across a data collection
 - Integrate documentation
 - Disseminate with custom web system
- Free to the research and policy community



IPUMS Data Dissemination, 1995-2015



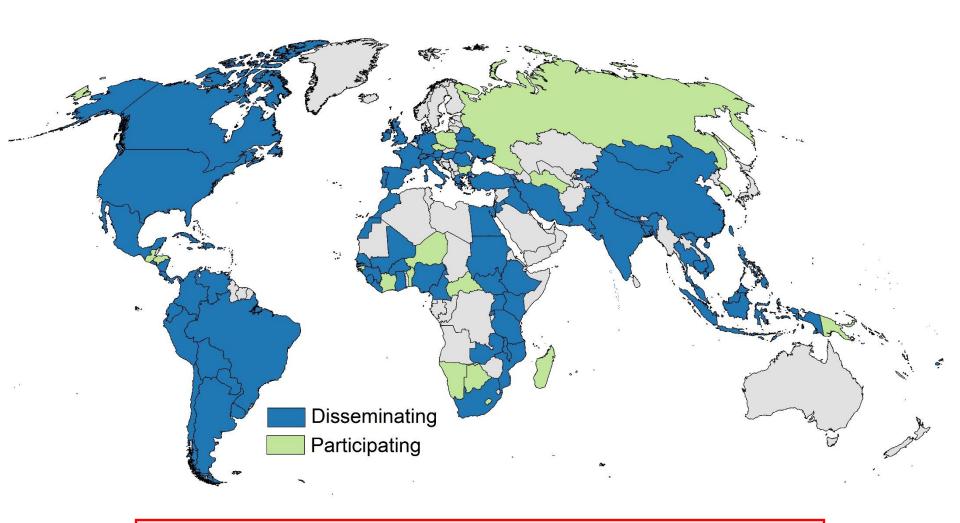


Outline

- International IPUMS projects
 - IPUMS-International
 - Integrated DHS
 - Terra Populus
- Spatial data integration
- Implications for SDGs



IPUMS-International Coverage



Over 100 Collaborating National Statistical Agencies

Microdata Currently Disseminated

- 82 countries
- 277 censuses
- 614 million person records
- Two-thirds of samples from developing countries



IPUMS Samples per Country

Argentina	5	Fiji	5	Malawi	3	Senegal	2
Armenia	1	France	7	Malaysia	4	Sierra Leone	1
Austria	4	Germany	4	Mali	2	Slovenia	1
Bangladesh	3	Ghana	2	Mexico	7	South Africa	3
Belarus	1	Greece	4	Mongolia	2	South Sudan	1
Bolivia	3	Guinea	2	Morocco	3	Spain	3
Brazil	6	Haiti	3	Nepal	1	Sudan	1
Burkina Faso	3	Hungary	4	Netherlands	3	Switzerland	4
Cambodia	2	India	5	Nicaragua	3	Tanzania	2
Cameroon	3	Indonesia	9	Nigeria	5	Thailand	4
Canada	4	Iran	1	Pakistan	3	Turkey	3
Chile	5	Iraq	1	Palestine	2	Uganda	2
China	2	Ireland	9	Panama	6	Ukraine	1
Colombia	4	Israel	1	Peru	2	UK	2
Costa Rica	4	Italy	1	Philippines	3	USA	7
Cuba	1	Jamaica	3	Portugal	3	Uruguay	6
Dominican Republic	5	Jordan	1	Puerto Rico	5	Venezuela	4
Ecuador	6	Kenya	5	Romania	3	Vietnam	3
Egypt	2	Kyrgyz Republic	2	Rwanda	2	Zambia	3
El Salvador	2	Liberia	2	Saint Lucia	2		



IPUMS Samples per Country

Argentina	5	Fiji	5	Malawi	3	Senegal	2
Armenia	1	France	7	Malaysia	4	Sierra Leone	1
Austria	4	Germany	4	Mali	2	Slovenia	1
Bangladesh	3	Ghana	2	Mexico	7	South Africa	3
Belarus	1	Greece	4	Mongolia	2	South Sudan	1
Bolivia	3	Guinea	2	Morocco	3	Spain	3
Brazil	6	Haiti	3	Nepal	1	Sudan	1
Burkina Faso	3	Hungary	4	Netherlands	3	Switzerland	4
Cambodia	2	India	5	Nicaragua	3	Tanzania	2
Cameroon	3	Indonesia	9	Nigeria	5	Thailand	4
Canada	4	Iran	1	Pakistan	3	Turkey	3
Chile	5	Iraq	1	Palestine	2	Uganda	2
China	2	Ireland	9	Panama	6	Ukraine	1
Colombia	4	Israel	1	Peru	2	UK	2
Costa Rica	4	Italy	1	Philippines	3	USA	7
Cuba	1	Jamaica	3	Portugal	3	Uruguay	6
Dominican Republic	5	Jordan	1	Puerto Rico	5	Venezuela	4
Ecuador	6	Kenya	5	Romania	3	Vietnam	3
Egypt	2	Kyrgyz Republic	2	Rwanda	2	Zambia	3
El Salvador	2	Liberia	2	Saint Lucia	2		



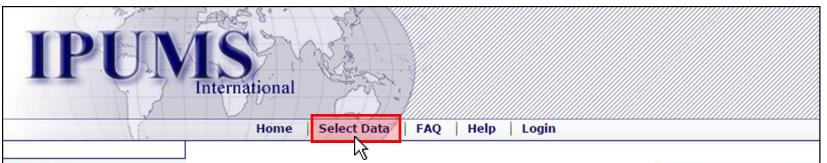
Many IPUMS variables are relevant to SDGs

- geographic location (places of 20,000+ persons in most samples)
- assets and utilities: water supply, sewage, toilet, electricity, mobile telephones, Internet
- building materials—floor, roof, etc.
- educational attainment, literacy, school enrollment
- economic activities, unemployment, disabilities
- fertility history and child mortality

Microdata: custom analyses tailored to local conditions



Dissemination



PROJECT

About IPUMS-I How to Cite IPUMS-I User Registration and Login

DATA

Browse and Select Data Download Your Data Extract Geography and GIS Supplemental Data Files Analyze Data Online

SAMPLES

Sample Descriptions Source Documents Variance Estimation

RESOURCES

Help User Forum Bibliography International Partners Teaching with IPUMS

Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International

census microdata for social and economic research

IPUMS-International is a project dedicated to collecting and distributing census data from around the world. Its goals are to:

- · Collect and preserve data and documentation
- Harmonize data
- · Disseminate the data absolutely free!

82 countries - 277 censuses - 614 million person records

Source data for IPUMS-International are generously provided by participating National Statistical Offices

IPUMSI News

NEW! 19 samples added NSF extends IPUMS project thru 2019 Geography variables revised Online tabulator Class accounts Latin America project extended Integrated DHS project funded ... All news items

MPC Data Projects

IPUMS-USA and others





Select Samples

Selec	ct Samples					
				Sub	omit sample s	elections
Al	l Samples					
	Argentina	<u> 2001</u>	<u>1991</u>	<u>1980</u>	<u> 1970</u>	
	Austria	<u> 2001</u>	<u>1991</u>	<u>1981</u>	<u> 1971</u>	
	Belarus	✓ 1999				
	Brazil	☑ 2000	<u>1991</u>	<u>1980</u>	<u>1970</u>	<u>1960</u>
	Cambodia	✓ 1998				
	Canada	☑ 2001	<u>1991</u>	<u>1981</u>	<u>1971</u>	
	Chile	☑ 2002	<u>1992</u>	<u>1982</u>	<u>1970</u>	<u>1960</u>
	China	✓ 1990	1982			
	Colombia	✓ 2005	<u>1993</u>	<u>1985</u>	<u>1973</u>	<u>1964</u>
	Costa Rica	☑ 2000	<u>1984</u>	<u>1973</u>	<u>1963</u>	
	Ecuador	<u>2001</u>	<u>1990</u>	<u>1982</u>	<u>1974</u>	<u>1962</u>
	Egypt	<u> 1996</u>				
	France	<u> 1990</u>	<u>1982</u>	<u>1975</u>	<u>1968</u>	<u>1962</u>



Select Variables

Int	es		Switch to	Select Samples	Search	
Household▼	Person ▼	A-Z	•	Unharmonized Variables	Sciect Samples	Variables

Core Demographic Variables Person [top]														
Include in extract	Variable	Variable Label	Туре	Codes									CO 05	
	RELATE	Relationship to household head	Р	codes	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	X
	ERELATE	Relationship to head, Europe	Р	codes		Х	Χ							
lacksquare	AGE	Age	P	codes	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	X	Χ
□ \\$	AGE2	Age, grouped into intervals	Р	codes	Χ	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Χ
~	SEX	Sex	Р	codes	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Χ
\checkmark	MARST	Marital status	Р	codes	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Χ
	EMARST	Marital status, Europe	Р	codes		Χ	Χ							
	CONSENS	Consensual union	P	codes	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ			Χ		Х	Χ
	AGEMARR	Age at first marriage	P	codes		Х								
	DURMARR	Duration of current marital status	P	codes	Χ	Х								
	MARRNUM	Number of marriages or unions	P	codes	Χ									
	SUBFREL	Relationship to head of subfamily	P	codes				Х						
	SUBFNUM	Subfamily membership number	P	codes				Χ						
	BIRTHYR	Year of birth	Р	codes		Χ						Χ	X	
	BIRTHMO	Month of birth	P	codes								Χ	Х	

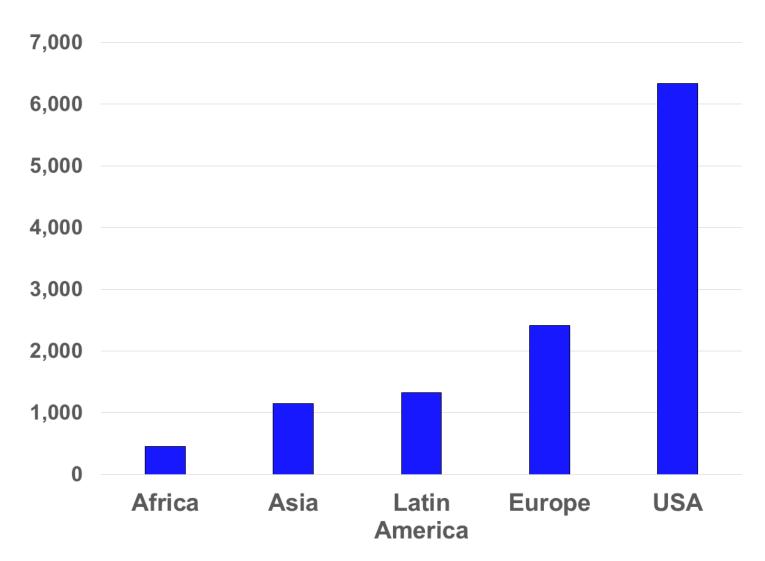


IPUMS Usage

- 12,000 approved users
- 70,000 custom data extracts

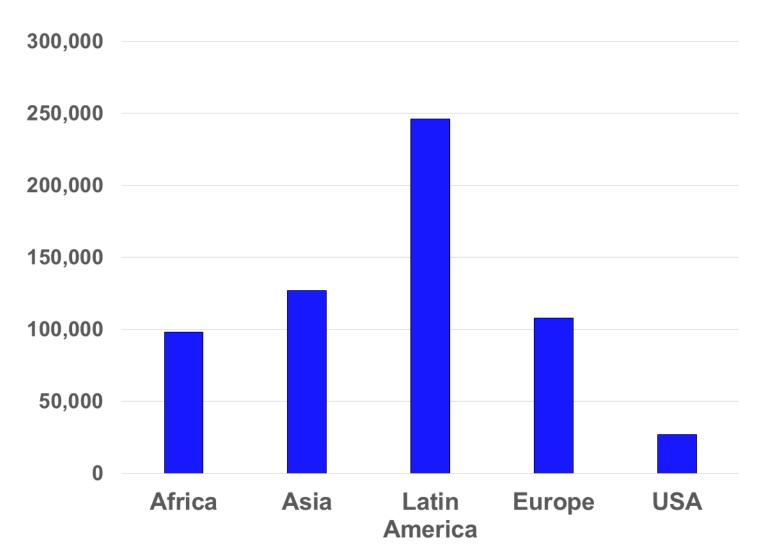


IPUMS Users – Region of Residence





IPUMS Samples Extracted, by Region





Web Portal: UNECA, Addis Ababa





- ▶ African Microdata Inventory
- Map Boundary files
- Bibliography

IPUMS-INTERNATIONAL

All IPUMS-International Census Microdata Samples at:







IPUMS On-line Tabulator

Cells conf	toin:		sa	mple
-Column -Weighted	percent	894199001 Zambia 1990	894200001 Zambia 2000	894201001 Zambia 2010
	0: NIU (not in universe)	15.6 1,232,220.0	17.2 1,710,070.0	22.2 2,933,450.0
	1: Less than primary completed	54.3 4,275,640.0	50.7 5,047,160.0	40.2 5,319,930.0
edattain	2: Primary completed	25.4 2,003,920.0	26.0 2,590,250.0	28.6 3,778,110.0
euattain	3: Secondary completed	3.8 295,370.0	5.3 525,690.0	8.6 1,136,760.0
	4: University completed	. 9 67,460.0	.9 88,000.0	.4 51,480.0
	COL TOTAL	100.0 7,874,610.0	100.0 9,961,170.0	100.0 13,219,730.0

3.1 million cases in one second



Data Preservation



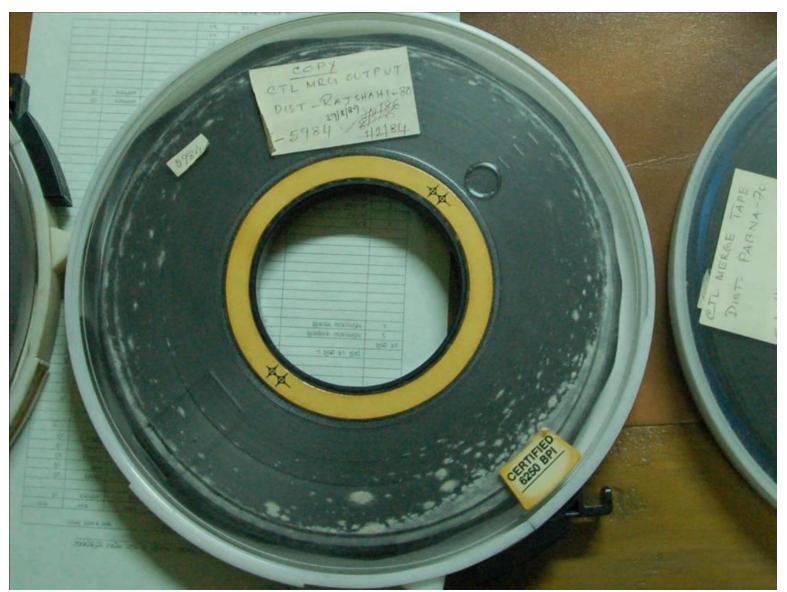


Darfur 1973





Bangladesh 1981



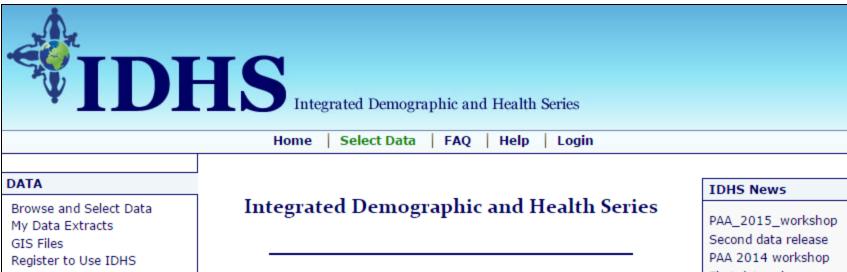


Metadata Preservation

Prog	<u>ram = 3</u>
1.	Card Type (Punckty-3)
2.	Mothe /Child Code (Col.2)
3.	Relationship Code (Coi 3)
4.	Sex Code (Col. 4)
5.	Age (Col 5) 2
6.	Marital Status Code (Col.6)
7.	Handi tapped Code (Col 7)
8.	Place of Birth (Col. 2)
9.	Duration of Continue Residence (Col 9) 2 25-26-27
10.	Residence in 1965 war (Col 10)
11.	Literary Code (Col. 71)
12.	School Attendance (Cul 12) Sees 1
13.	Level of Education Code (Col. 134/4) # 2 30-31



Integrated Demographic and Health Surveys



DOCUMENTATION

What All Users Should Know Sample Descriptions Source Documents Linking IDHS to DHS Data

PROJECT

About IDHS How to Cite IDHS The IDHS project harmonizes DHS data and documentation for Africa and India to facilitate comparative research across time and countries.

18 countries - 76 surveys

Version 2.0 - Women of childbearing age and young children

First data release Betatest site launched

MPC Data Projects

IPUMS-International Terra Populus Other MPC Projects

Collaboration of IPUMS, DHS Program, USAID



Why an Integrated DHS?

Motivation: DHS is incredibly valuable, but it's hard to capitalize on its full potential.

Problems:

- Data discovery
- Dispersed documentation
- Data management
- Variable changes over time and between countries



DHS Topical Coverage

Abortion (100)

Alcohol consumption (149)

Anemia questions (106)

Anemia testing (155)

Anthropometry (257)

Arm circumference (20)

Arsenic - water test (1)

Asthma (7)

Avian influenza knowledge (1)

Birth registration (131)

Blood pressure (measure) (26)

Blood pressure questions (28)

Breast cancer screening (29)

CAFÉ survey (10)

Calendar (172)

CAPI survey (55)

Causes of death (30)

Cervical cancer screening (37)

Child discipline (34)

Child labor (72)

Chlamydia testing (1)

Chlorine - water test (8)

Cooking fuel (228)

Diabetes questions (22)

Diabetes testing (5)

Domestic violence (114)

E. coli - water test (2)

Early childhood development (19)

Early childhood education (73)

Female genital cutting (72)

Fistula (37)

GPS/georeferenced (204)

Health expenditures (36)

Health insurance (116)

Hepatitis B testing (5)

Hepatitis C testing (2)

Herpes simplex virus (1)

HIV behavior (210)

HIV CD4 count (3)

HIV incidence (3)

HIV knowledge (248)

HIV testing (80)

HIV testing - children (6)

HIV viral load (2)

Household expenditures (11)

Human trafficking (1)

Husband's survey (13)

Iodine salt test (135)

Iron transferrin receptor (1)

Lead testing (2)

Lipids testing (1)

Malaria module (103)

Malaria parasitemia test (53)

Malaria/bednet questions (115)

Male circumcision self-reported (82)

Maternal mortality (163)

Measles testing (1)

Men's survey (217)

Micronutrients (165)

Migration (50)

OVC (21)

Pregnancy history (33)

Prostate cancer screening (7)

Service availability (57)

Social marketing (113)

Syphilis testing (5)

Tetanus testing (2)

Tobacco use (149)

Tuberculosis questions (102)

Urine iodine excretion (2)

Verbal autopsy (16)

Vitamin A questions (118)

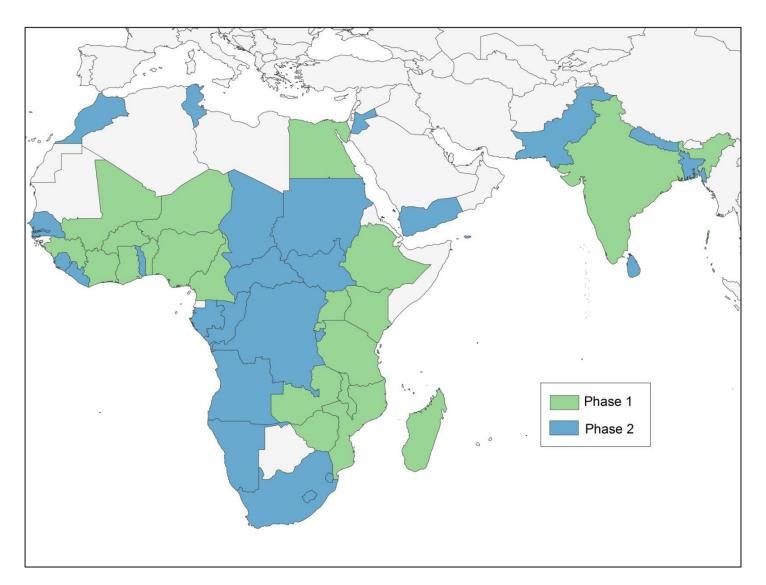
Vitamin A testing (6)

Women's status (215)

Youth (16)



Integrated DHS Scope







HOME



DATA

PARTNERS

PEOPLE

CONTACT













Project Information

- Overview
- Data
 - Population Data
 - Environmental Data
 - Data Integration
- Partners
- People
 - Scientific Leadership
 - Executive Committee
 - Advisory Board
- Research Examples
- Presentations
- Data Extract System
- Contact

Terra Populus: Integrated Data on Population and Environment

Terra Populus will integrate the world's population and environmental data, including

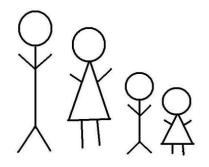
- · Population censuses and surveys
- · Land cover information from remote sensing
- · Climate records from weather stations
- · Land use records from statistical agencies

Data that are interoperable across time, space, and scientific domain will allow us to understand the dramatic transformation of the earth's inhabitants and their environment. TerraPop is developing this infrastructure to make it easier for researchers to use data describing people along with data describing the places they inhabit.

News



Three Source Data Formats

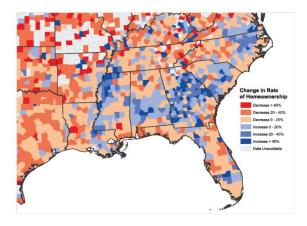


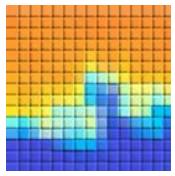
Microdata

Characteristics of individuals and households

Small-area data

Characteristics of places defined by administrative boundaries





Raster data

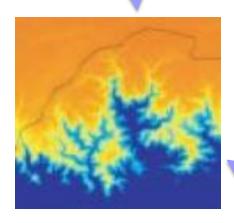
Values tied to spatial coordinates



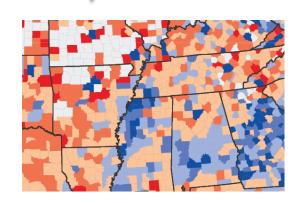
Location-Based Integration



Mix and match variables originating in any of the data structures



Obtain output in the data structure most useful to you

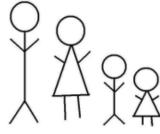


Area-level data

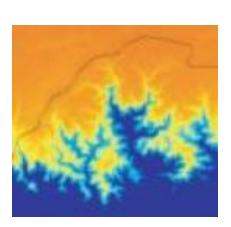




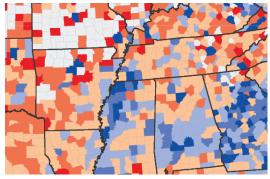
Microdata



Attach land cover
and climate data
to individuals



AGE	SEX	LANDCOV	AVGTEMP
10	Male	Forest	21.20
27	Female	Forest	24.30
54	Female	Pasture	24.10
37	Male	Cropped	25.60
37	Female	Cropped	28.10
42	Female	Urban	26.70
20	Female	Forest	24.30
39	Male	Urban	26.80
77	Female	Cropped	27.70
11	Female	Cropped	22.30
31	Female	Pasture	25.10
23	Male	Forest	24.40
24	Female	Urban	21.50
40	Female	Urban	23.40



Rasters:
Environmental data

Area-level data: Summarize rasters

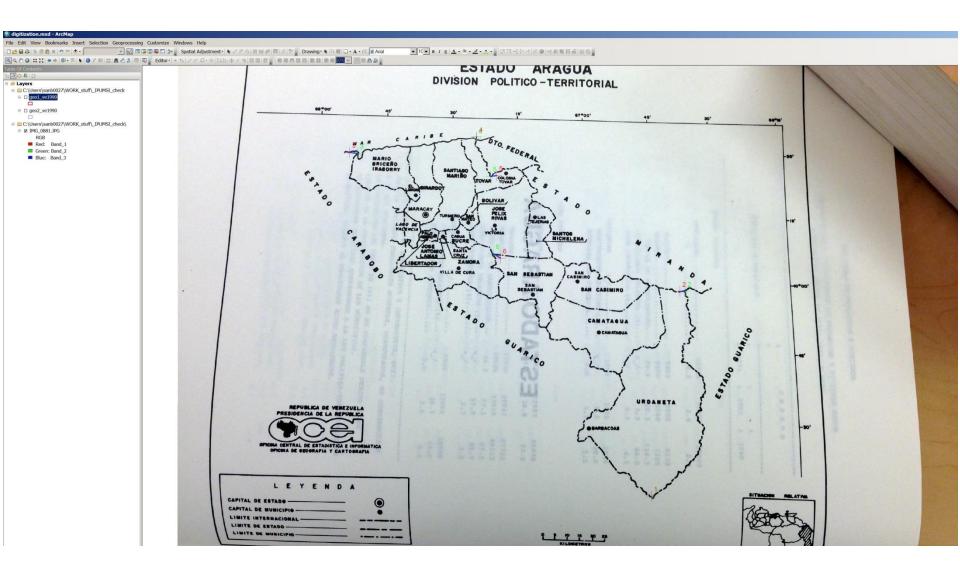


Spatial Data Integration

- To analyze change over time within countries
- To combine data sources at the subnational level



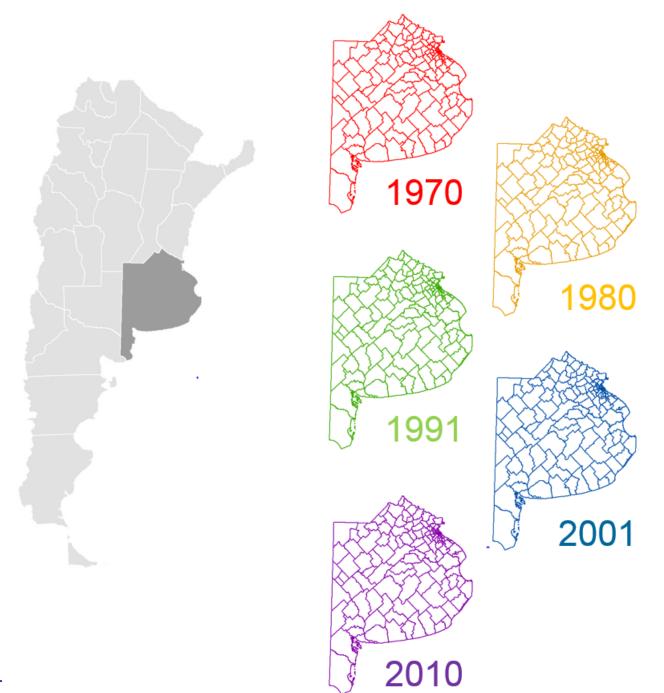
Spatial Integration – Digitize Maps





Spatial data integration

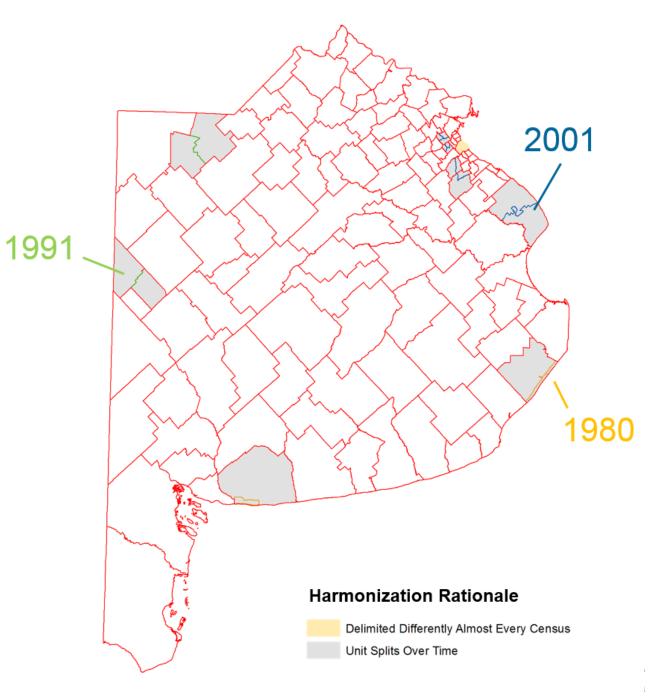
Buenos Aires province, Argentina





Spatial data integration

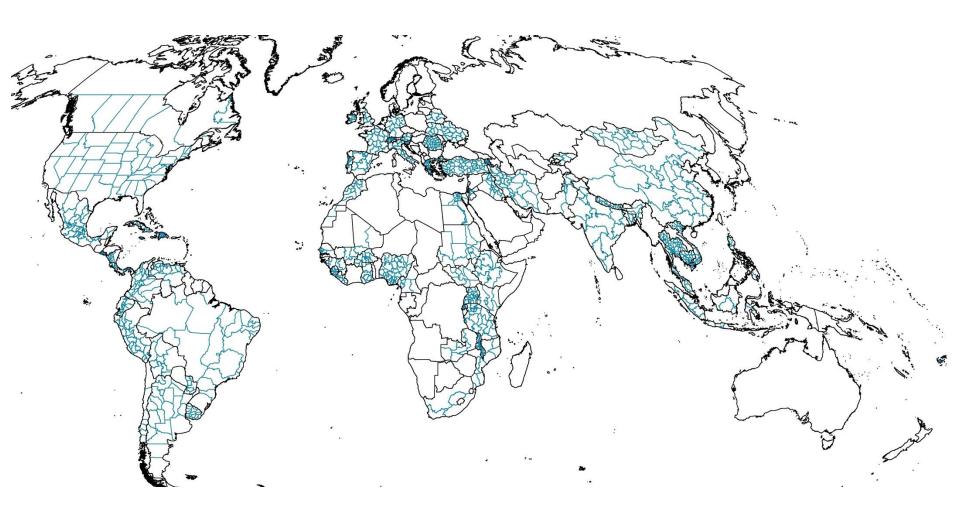
Some units must be merged or split to make footprint consistent over time





Global harmonized boundaries

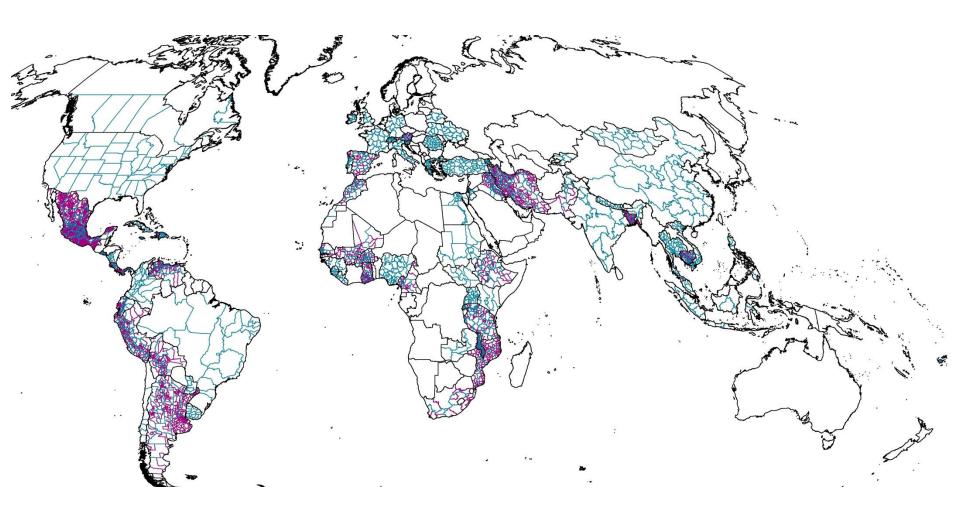
Harmonized 1st-level boundaries for all countries released 2014





Global harmonized boundaries

Harmonized 2nd-level boundaries, in process

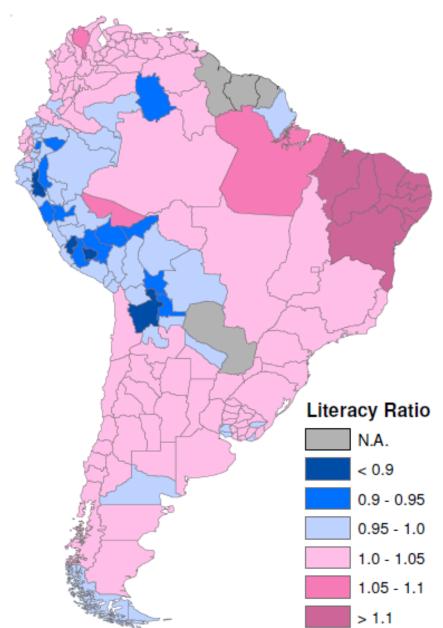




Millennium Development Goals

Ratio of literate women to men, 15-24 years old

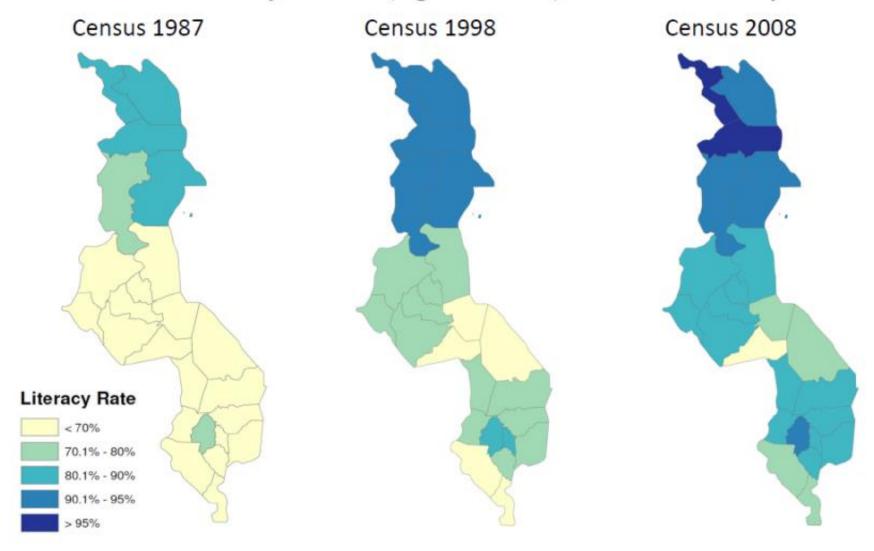
1990 Census round





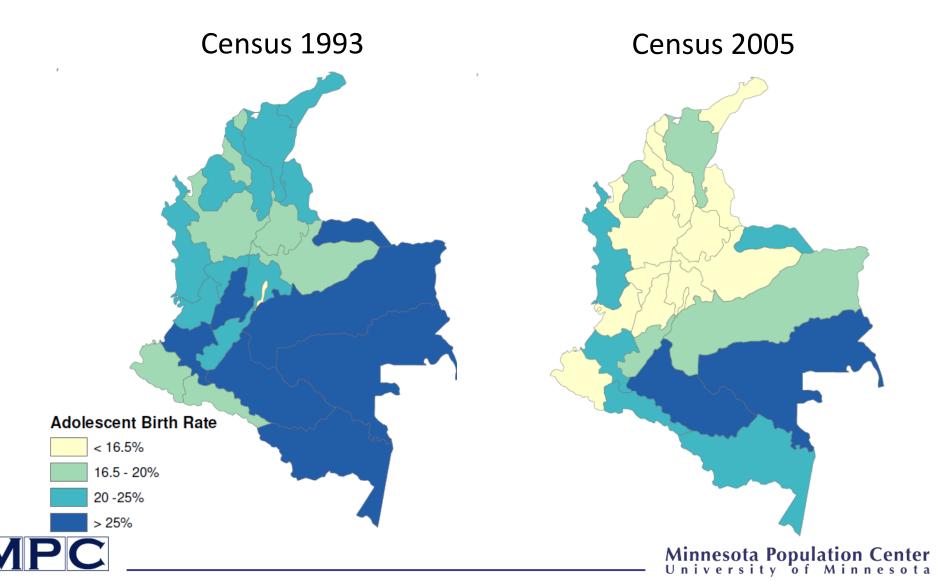
Millennium Development Goals

Malawi: Literacy Rates (ages 15-24) in IPUMS Samples



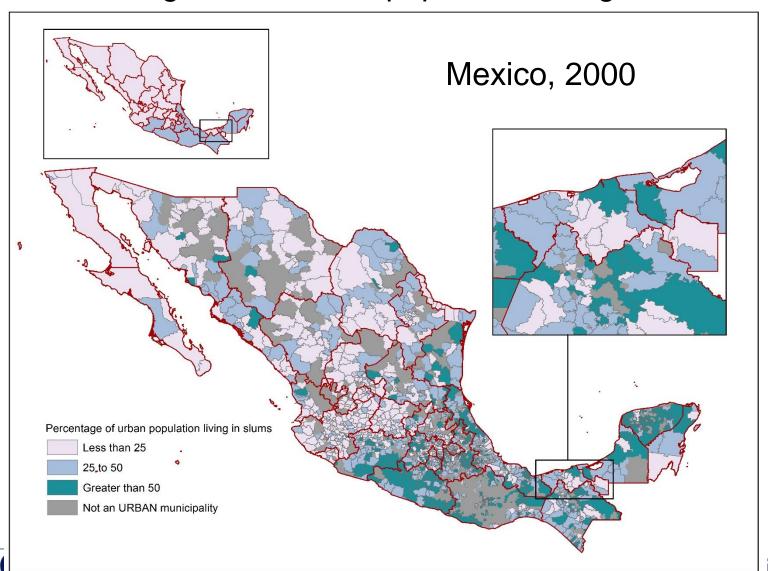
Millennium Development Goals

Colombia: Adolescent Birth Rate



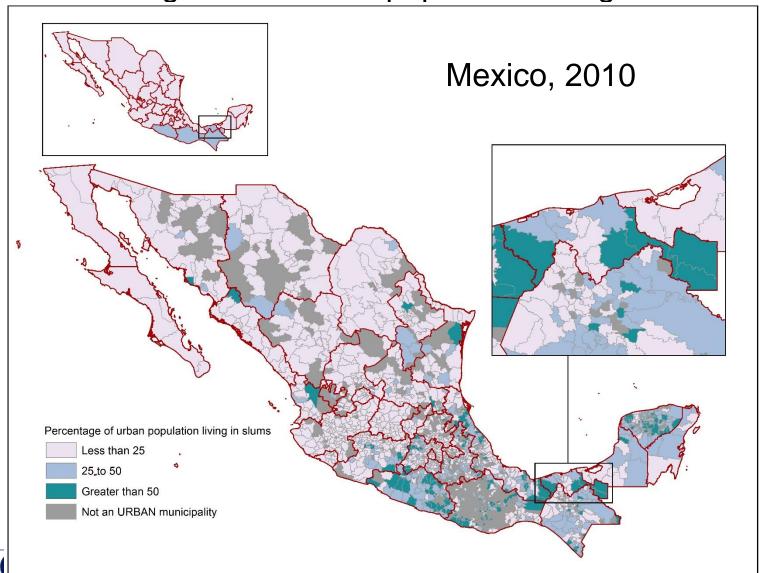
Sustainable Development Goals

Percentage of the urban population living in slums



Sustainable Development Goals

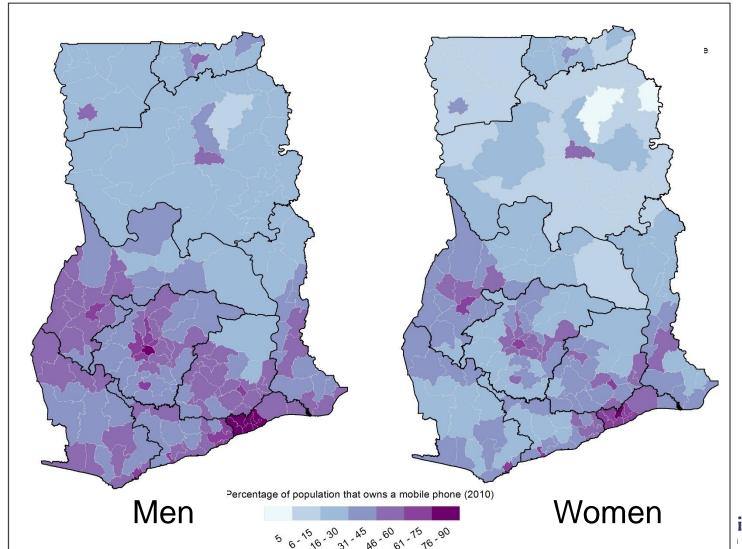
Percentage of the urban population living in slums



University of Minnesota

Sustainable Development Goals

Percentage of the population that owns of mobile phone by sex, Ghana 2010



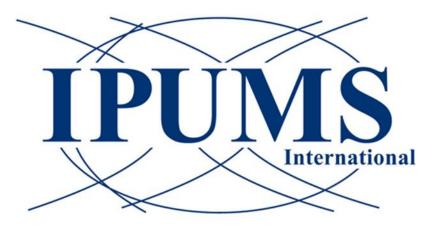


ion Center

Conclusions

- Researchers need microdata
- Data integration is expensive, but worth the cost to enable accurate comparisons across time and space
- Administrative and survey data to assess development goals should be centrally integrated at the individual level wherever possible
- We need consistent geographic units over time to make sub-national estimates of change
- Sub-national estimates of change are essential for identifying places where progress has stalled and more resources are needed





Thank You!

Matt Sobek sobek@umn.edu

